### NAIROBI CITY COUNTY DEVELOPMENT PLANS AND POLICIES





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#### LEGAL REFERENCE

- Article 186 & Fourth Schedule: Part 2 (1): Functions & powers of county governments
- County Governments Act, 2012: Part XI; articles 102 115 County Planning & its actualization.
- Article 209 (4): Powers to impose charges for services
- Public Finance & Management Act, 2012 sec. 104: Responsibility & powers of County to mobilize revenue for annual budget provisions
- The Physical Planning Act Cap. 286 & Building Code (adoptive building by-laws)

#### **URBAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION**

For efficient & effective management of the urban development process Urban planning sector is organised into;

1) Policy & Plan Preparation Urban Research & policy formulation

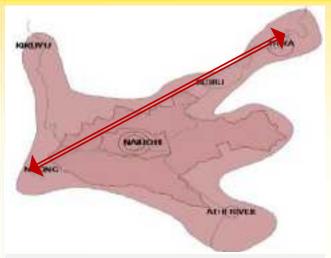
#### 2) Approvals

- Development approval change of users, Subdivisions
- •Building plans approval

#### 3) Post approval (planning Compliance & Enforcement)

- Surveillance & Monitoring (all construction activities)
- Inspections ( only approved construction sites)
- Enforcement ( arrests for contravention & charging in court. Also includes demolitions)

#### NAIROBI URBAN PLANNING LEGACY



#### **1973: NAIROBI METROPOLITAN GROWTH STRATEGY**

- Decentralization & dev. of alternative service centers .
- Spatial framework for infrastructure dev, social welfare services, facility dev & urban land supply for dev.
- Required huge capital for investment; No framework to bring in private sector resources.



1979 LAND USE RATIONALIZATION

- Greatly influenced dev. of the city & contributed to the current city structure.
- Densification of land uses, but infrastructure & amenities not improved to service the increased density.



2013: NAIROBI INTEGRATED URBAN DEVELOPMENT MASTERPLAN

- Key development area & projects to inject efficiency for sustainable development.
- Dispersing socio-economic activities – to narrow disparity

#### **RESULTANT CHALLENGES**

- Inefficient urban structure
- Mismatch between rate of urban growth & infrastructure development
- ➢ Institutional capacities financing arrangements, human capacity
- External factors influencing urban development interests rates, fiscal policies,
- ▶ Lack of urban character influenced by urban design.
- ➢ Inadequate coordination between relevant organizations.

➢ The plan has marked a milestone in planning & & urban development; underscored the role planning plays in guiding urban development.

- Plan is founded on seven key development principles;
  - Integration,
  - Inclusivity,
  - Social sustainability,
  - Environmental sustainability,
  - Compact
  - Mixed use development
  - Self regulation.

#### **PRIORITY PROJECTS PROPOSED IN NIUPLAN:**

### **Proposed as the first step for the implementation of the plan by 2018:**

### **Urban Development Programs**

- Revitalization of the CBD
- Sub –centre development
- Development of the Railway city
- Urban Renewal in the old County Rental Estates

Urban Transport development Programs

- Commuter Train modernisation
- Link between Urban core & Main Industrial area & Railway City

Infrastructure development program

Water, Power & Telecommunication

Environmental Improvement Program

- Storm Water Drainage & sewerage
- Solid Waste Management
- Air Pollution Control

### Institutional strengthening program

• GIS, ICT Infrastructure, Human resource development

### Opportunity in CBD Revitalization



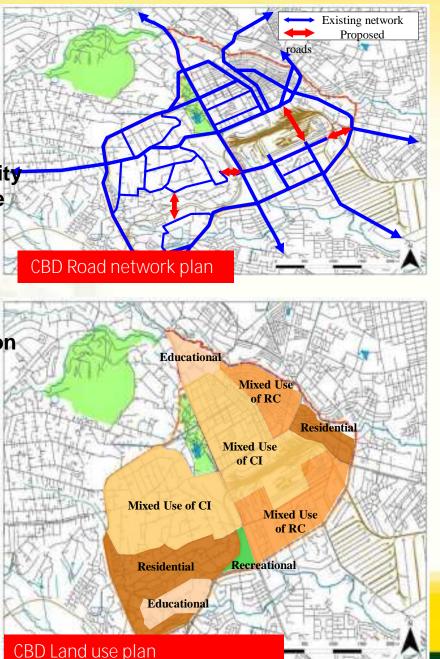
### **Revitalization of the Urban core**

Viaduct -Flyover in CBD to link Railway city

- Nairobi Loop line Light Rail around the urban core (Feasibility ongoing)
- Development of New Public termini in Railway city.

Revitalization of commuter train operation (Ongoing KRC, World bank)

Renewal of Water supply, Sewerage, Drainage & other infrastructural facilities

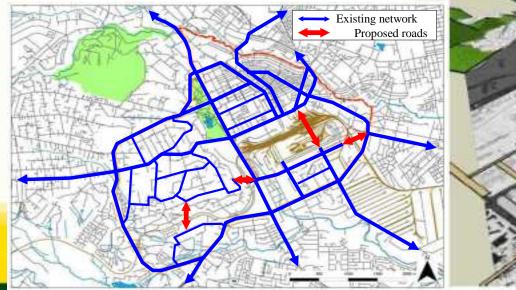


### Opportunities in Railway city Redevelopment :



- Optimization of prime & serviced urban land.
- Redevelopment of the areas provides an opportunity for development of quality infrastructure;
  - Business parks
  - Commercial activities,
  - Hotels, shopping arcades, parking facilities
  - Roads, Telecommunication, power infrastructure & drainage
  - Recreational facilities







### **URBAN RENEWAL OF OLD COUNTY HOUSING ESTATES**



## **Eastlands Urban Renewal**

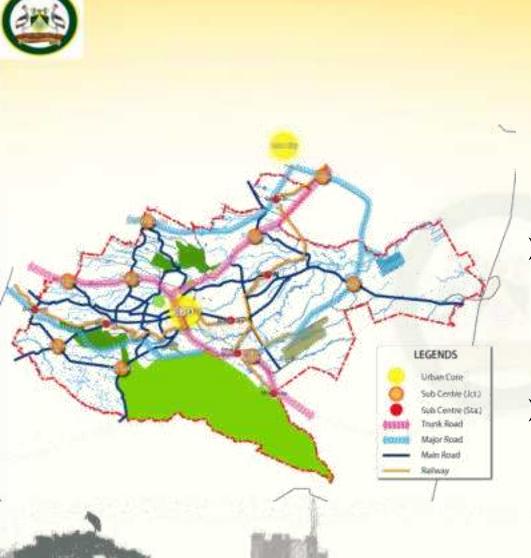
Transformation & redevelopment of old institutional housing estates - new housing stocks, commercial, offices,

➢Upgrade of infrastructure, water & sewerage services





## Sub - Centre development

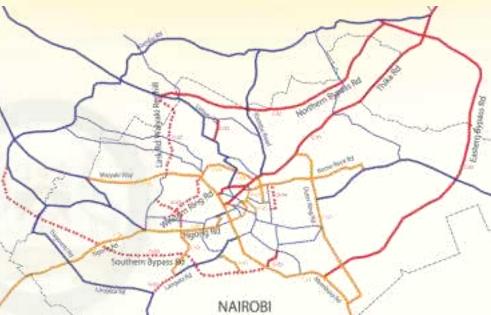


- Decentralization of Commercial, Retail & other investments that generate employment.
- Reordering of the current inefficient urban structure

### Urban Transport Development.



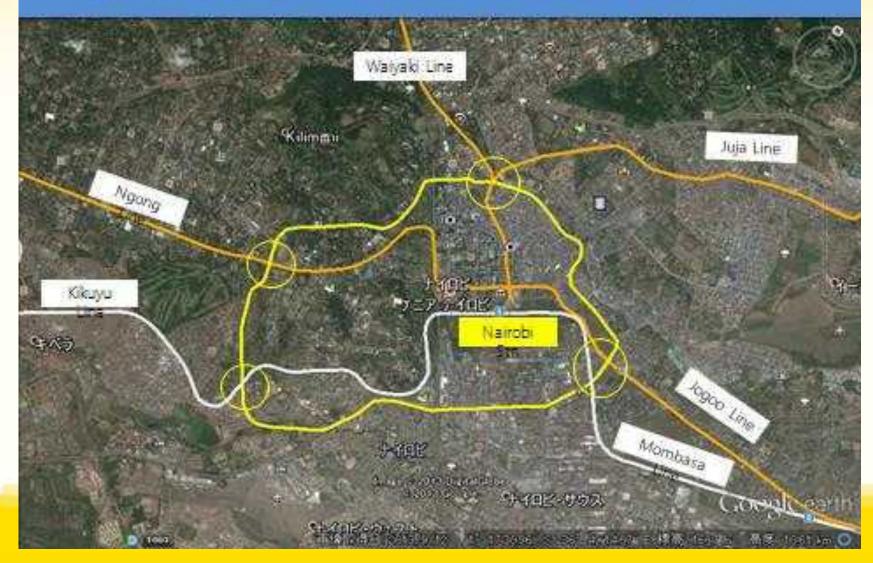
- Mombasa Waiyaki Highway upgrading super highway of 6 lanes with service roads
- Ngong road widening 4 lanes & service roads to connect Southern By-pass.
- Plans underway to dual the By-passes
- Modernization of commuter rail upgrade it as transport mode for CBD
- Development of a common duct for urban services
- Infrastructure Development at Embakasi SGR station & its surroundings
- Dualling of Outering road opening up the eastern part
- Construction of Northern Part of Circumferential Road C-2 - LRT



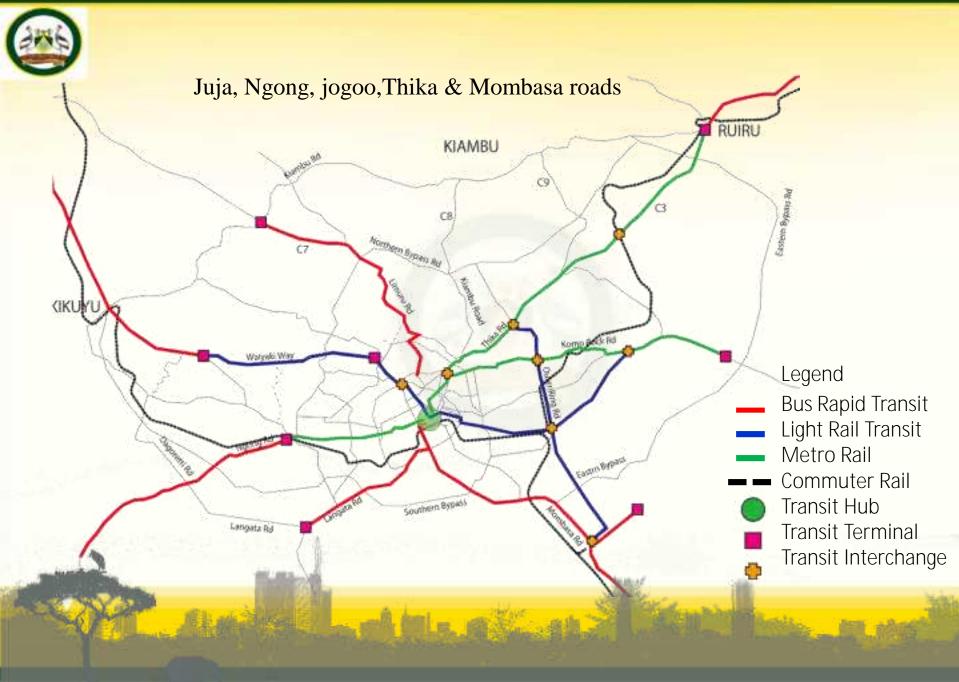




# Nairobi Loop Line & Sub-centers (NIUPLAN)



## Proposed 5 corridors for Mass Rapid Transport Plans



## Infrastructure development program :



Aims to promote urban development through urban facilities development Water Supply

- Currently water supply in the county is 540,000
   CM/day against a demand of 670,000 CM/per day
   & expected to grow to1.2Million CM/day by 2030.
- Opportunity in sustainable supplies to bridge shortfall and use efficiency
- Rain water harvesting creating an opportunity to capture ,treat and direct it for domestic usage
- Existing distribution is old & requires renewal
- Growing settlements without water supply.





Storm Water Drainage & sewerage

- Currently storm water drainage focuses on localized drainage networks.
- Opportunity in preparation & implementation of storm water Drainage plan



- Only less than 40 % of city's population is served/ connected to the existing sewerage network.
- Opportunity to invest in expansion of the sewerage network & embrace alternative eco-friendly waste disposal systems.
- Investment in localized sewerage treatment facilities.
- Opportunity for waste water recycling & energy co-generation



### Power

➤Current county power demand about 1240MW expected to rise to 6000MW by 2030.

➤This will account for 42% of the National demand which will be 14,275MW

➢Opportunity for renewable energy, green building technologies and promotion of resource efficiency.





#### **PROCEDURE & PROCESS REQUIREMENTS FOR DEVELOPMENT APPROVALS.**





- Development applications require to meet Building By-Laws
- Documents required during submission of a development proposal;
- Ownership documents Title, lease, any other authoritative document in law
- Authenticated Survey plan
- Evidence of up todate rates payment
- Architectural Drawings Registered Architect
- Structural drawings and details Registered Structural Engineer

- Evidence of change of use/amalgamation where policy requires proposal to conform to zonal regulations
- Indemnity forms duly signed by architect, engineer & developer
- Payment of statutory county fees & charges.

### POST APPROVAL COMPLIANCE & ENFORCEMENT.

### Requirements;

- Supervision by a registered structural engineer & Architect
- Periodic statutory inspection by NCC technical officers
- Where failure to notify the NCC for the inspection & the Ncc officer notices negligence or failure or refusal by developers to comply with bylaws, notices are given to the developer to pull down such works that contravenes approvals or stop works until amendments are made
- Upon satisfactory completion of building works, developer notifies NCCG for final inspection for certificate prior to occupation permission.

Upon final inspection & confirmation of compliance with approvals & building by-laws standards, the following documents are submitted;

- Application form signed by developer
- Statistical form signed by developer/contractor
- Current land rates payment
- Completion certificate, Architects practising certificate & letter certifying project supervision
- Engineer's current practising certificate & letter certifying project supervision
- Plumbers certificate to certify satisfactory plumbing works
- Copies of approved building & structural drawings

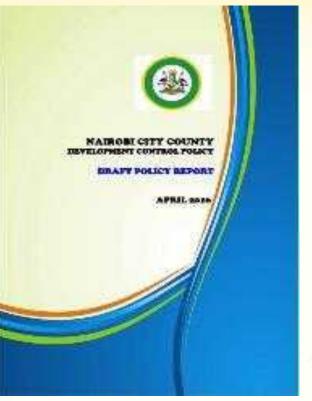
### **LICENCES, FEES & CHARGES**

Current development approvals & other licences are spelled out in the County Finance Act 2014 -2015.

Please visit www.nairobi.go.ke

#### **CURRENT RELEVANT INITIATIVES**

#### **DEVELOPMENT CONTROL POLICY & GUIDELINES-2015**



- Sets framework for formulations of city's Integrated Detailed Area plans - inform preparation of specific district action plans and zonal regulations within the masterplan framework.
- Translates socio-economic & environmental aspects of the plan into spatial form & land use activities which are eventually packaged as physical investment initiatives by the private sector
- Manages and regulates physical investments initiatives.

### **INTEGRATED AREA PLANS**

- Plans will set policies, proposals & detailed development guidelines for specific areas in the city inline with the Masterplan.
- The city plans to prepare detailed Area plans covering the entire city in consultation with the local communities and relevant stakeholders.
- Key plans in determination of planning applications.

### Cont'd..

Enacted a Development Regularization Act 2015 - provide a window to developers to regularise developments constructed without approvals.
 Physical Address system



The aim of this project is to come up with a system that uniquely and clearly identify properties in Nairobi County in relation to the existing streets, this also will enhance e-Commerce.

The system is a tool for planning and managing County services for it allows the establishment of a monitoring system to be put in place to assist with urban planning and programming of investments.

### Cont'd..

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### Physical Address system



- Identification & location of properties by assigning an address using a system of maps & signage that give the numbers or names of streets and buildings
- Improved delivery of urban services such as emergency, fire, health,
- Makes location of urban facilities easier.
- It enables utility companies to manage their networks more effectively.

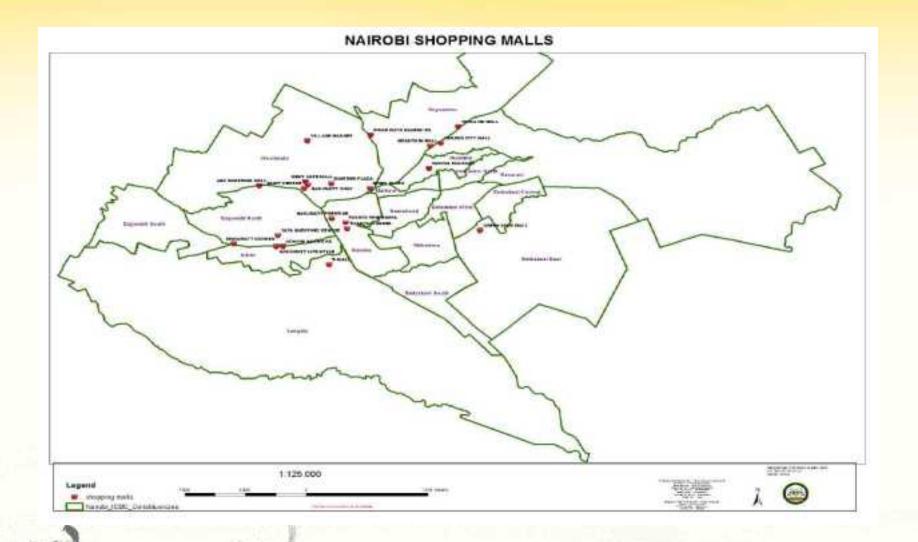
#### **COUNTY OBSERVATIONS**

- ➢ High cost of serviced land impacting on cost of construction.
- ➢ High cost of borrowing for construction purposes.
- Out-dated policies & regulations
- Inadequate infrastructure & services to support urban development
- Low levels of compliance
- Environmental degradation
- Multiple public institutional players in construction industry which has created confusion & costs on investment rather than efficiency & effectiveness,

### CONCERNS

- Vehicle movement & traffic management within shopping malls precincts
- Parking within shopping malls privatised, charging clients supporting growth of the enterprises
- Conversion of parking lots inside malls compounds to periodic markets –privatising public spaces
- Conversion of public spaces, escape routes & corridors of circulation within the malls into small retail stores – eroding the aesthetics & interfering with free flow of pedestrians & enjoyment of movement
- Security concerns within malls resultant traffic snarl ups
- Concentration of malls in western part of the city High population growth & middle income group moving to eastern part of city – Kasarani Ruai, Embakazi – availability of affordable land.

## CONCERNS



### **AREAS OF COLLABORATION**

Nairobi City County Community & Neighbourhood Association
Engagement Bill 2015 – provides for a structured engagement & gives
recognition to stakeholders participation in service delivery.

- Continuous consultations
- Social facilities development/ improvement
- Environmental improvement
- Investment in Infrastructure- roads, street lights, sewer & water supply
- Commitment of public & private resources to implement the NIUPLAN
- Information sharing public & private sectors

